

Ulster



Antrim



Armagh



Monaghan



Donegal



Tyrone



Down



Fermanagh



Derry



Cavan

Munster



Tipperary



Clare



Cork



Kerry



Limerick



Waterford

Leinster



Carlow



Dublin



Kildare



Kilkenny



Laois



Longford



Louth



Meath



Offaly



Westmeath



Wexford



Wicklow

Connacht



Galway



Leitrim



Mayo



Roscommon



Sligo

Bloody Sunday

The Dublin football team was scheduled to play Tipperary, in Croke Park, on November 21 1920 and the proceeds of this 'great challenge match' were to be donated to the Irish Republican Prisoners' Fund. The night before Michael Collins sent his 'Squad' out to assassinate the 'Cairo Gang', a team of undercover British agents working and living in Dublin. A series of shootings took place throughout the night which left 14 members of the British Forces dead. In reprisal the British Military entered Croke Park and opened fire killing 14 people.

GAA Games



Hurling



Handball



**Gaelic
Football**



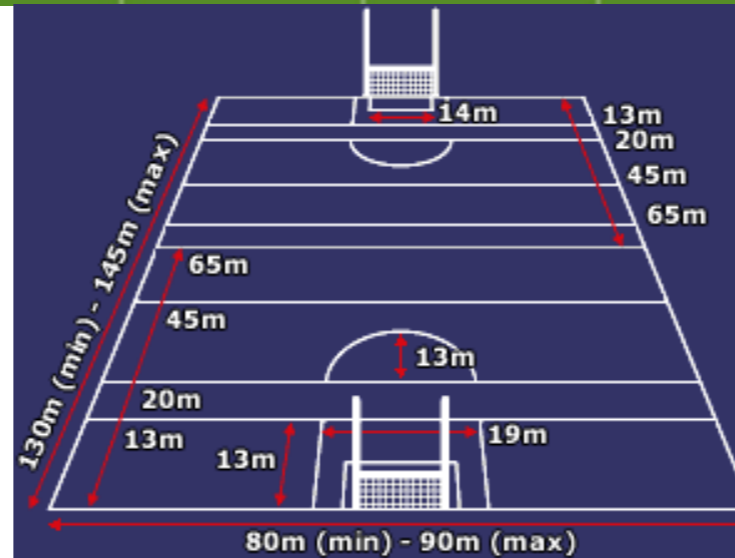
Camogie



Rounders



Positions and Dimensions of Pitch



Gender Difference's

Gear



Sliotar Size

Camogie (Females):

Weight: 90-110 grams Size: 21cm

Hurling (Males):

Weight: 110-120 grams Size: 23-25cm

Rules

- **Camogie allowed hand pass into the goal**
- **Camogie hurley is allowed to be dropped to hand pass the ball**
- **Shouldering is allowed in hurling**
- **If the ball hits off an opposing player and goes out over their end line:
Camogie—45metre free
Hurling—65metre free**

History of Hurling

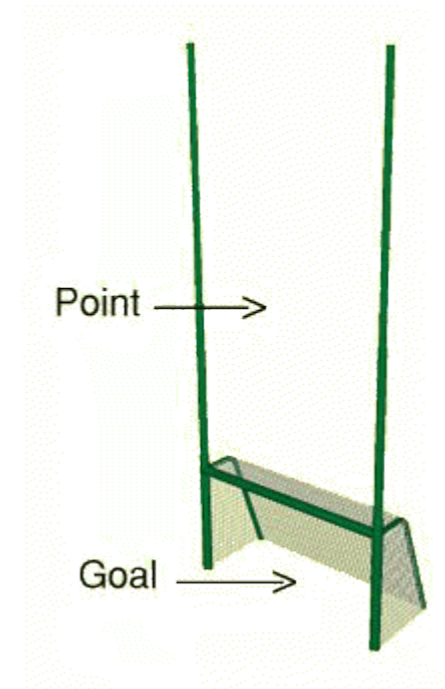
Hurling is believed to be the world's oldest field game. When the Celts came to Ireland as the last ice age was receding, they brought with them a unique culture, their own language, music, script and unique pastimes. One of these pastimes was a game now called hurling. It features in Irish folklore to illustrate the deeds of heroic mystical figures and it is chronicled as a distinct Irish pastime for at least 2,000 years.

Foundation of the GAA

At the behest of Michael Cusack seven men met in Hayes Hotel, Thurles on November 1 1884 and founded the Gaelic Athletic Association for the Preservation and Cultivation of our National Pastimes. Maurice Davin was elected President, Michael Cusack, John Wyse Power and John McKay elected Secretaries and Archbishop Thomas William Croke, Charles Stewart Parnell and Michael Davitt were asked to become patrons.

Scoring

Goal—Cúl (Cool)



Point—Cúilin (Cool-eeen)

Parts of the Hurley

Camán (come-on)



Opening of Croke Park

2005:

The GAA's Rule 42 - which prevents sports other than Gaelic Games from being played at GAA venues, is temporarily set aside to allow the Ireland Rugby team and the Republic of Ireland soccer team to play games at Croke Park while Lansdowne Road rugby grounds are being redeveloped.

2007:

The first Rugby game - staged at Croke Park is between Ireland and France in the Six Nations championship. The first soccer game at the venue is played between Ireland and Wales.